Declaration of Principles of Inter-American Solidarity and Cooperation; December 21, 1936

Declaration adopted by the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace at Buenos Aires December 21, 1936

Report of the Delegation of the United States of America to the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace, Buenos Aires, Argentina, December 1-23, 1936 (Washington, U.S. Government Printing Office, 1937), p. 227

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES OF INTER-AMERICAN SOLIDARITY AND COOPERATION

The Governments of the American Republics, having considered:

That they have a common likeness in their democratic form of government and their common ideals of peace and justice, manifested in the several Treaties and Conventions which they have signed for the purpose of constituting a purely American system tending towards the preservation of peace, the proscription of war, the harmonious development of their commerce and of their cultural aspirations in the various fields of political, economic, social, scientific and artistic activities;

That the existence of continental interests obliges them to maintain solidarity of principles as the basis of the life of the relations of each to every other American nation;

That Pan Americanism, as a principle of American International Law, by which is understood a moral union of all of the American Republics in defence of their common interests based upon the most perfect equality and reciprocal respect for their rights of autonomy, independence and free development, requires the proclamation of principles of American International Law; and

That it is necessary to consecrate the principle of American solidarity in all non-continental conflicts, especially since those limited to the American Continent should find a peaceful solution by the means established by the Treaties and Conventions now in force or in the instruments hereafter to be executed.

The Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace

DECLARES:

1. That the American Nations, true to their republican institutions, proclaim their absolute juridical liberty, their unqualified respect for their respective sovereignties and the existence of a common democracy throughout America;

- 2. That every act susceptible of disturbing the peace of America affects each and every one of them, and justifies the initiation of the procedure of consultation provided for in the Convention for the Maintenance, Preservation and Reestablishment of Peace, signed at this Conference; and
 - 3. That the following principles are accepted by the American community of Nations:
- (a) Proscription of territorial conquest and that, in consequence, no acquisition made through violence shall be recognized;
- (b) Intervention by one State in the internal or external affairs of another State is condemned;
 - (c) Forcible collection of pecuniary debts is illegal; and
- (d) Any difference or dispute between the American nations, whatever its nature or origin, shall be settled by the methods of conciliation, or unrestricted arbitration, or through operation of international justice.

Source: Avalon Project. Yale University
Treaties and Other International Agreements of the United States of America 1776-1949
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